

Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council - Integrated Impact Assessment

All decisions, policy reviews or policy implementation will now require a completed Integrated Impact Assessment.

- Section 1-Equality Act 2010 (Statutory Duties) (Wales) Regulations 2011
- Section 2-Socio-economic Duty Sections 1 to 3 of the Equality Act 2010
- Section 3-Corporate Plan
- Section 4-Wellbeing of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015
- Section 5-Welsh Language (Wales) Measure 2011
- Section 6-Children's Right "The Right Way"
- Section 7-Community Safety
- Section 8 Armed Forces
- Section 9-Data
- Section 10-Consultations Statutory Consultation Doctrine of Legitimate Expectation and Gunning Principles
- Section 11-Monitoring
- Section 12-Decision of proposal



Lead Officer	Head of Service	Service Area & Department	Date
David Watkins	Clive Rogers	Highways – Neighbourhood Services (Community Services)	01/06/23

Briefly outline the proposal indicating what change or decision is to be made, also provide any documentation that may be used to support this. What is the proposal that needs to be assessed?

The proposal is to adopt a new Highways Asset Maintenance Plan (HAMP) for the Council.

The purpose of the new Highways Asset Maintenance Plan is to enable the Council to comply with the Well-Managed Highway Infrastructure Code of Practice published by the UK Roads Liaison Group on 28 October 2016 it has derived from the County Surveyors Society Wales (CSSW) working group. CSSW carried out consultation with Insurance Companies, Consultants and Highway Authorities throughout Wales as part of a Wales wide project.

The Well-Managed Highway Infrastructure Code of Practice sets out the policy and standard for undertaking inspections of the adopted highway network. Its primary aim is to ensure that inspection, defect, and recommended repair details are correctly assessed and accurately recorded, together with subsequent details of response and repairs undertaken on the highway. The underlying principle of the code is that Highway Authorities will adopt a standard risk-based approach to asset management in accordance with local needs, priorities and affordability.

Compliance with the Well-Managed Highway Infrastructure Code of Practice will also provide the Council with reasonable protection from financial risk in terms of liabilities and claims, higher insurance premiums or restriction of insurance cover, and from the reputational risk of undermining of the public's perception of, and confidence in, the way in which it delivers its Services.



Section 1

Outline how the proposal will impact on any people or groups of people with protected charateristics, please refer to the Equalities Act 2010 (Wales) for further information Equality Act 2010: guidance - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk) and the EHRC guidance The Essential Guide to the Public Sector Equality Duty: EHRC

Briefly outline below if there will be any positive or negative impacts as a result of the proposal being considered.

Protected characteristics	Will the proposal have any positive impacts on those with a protected characteristics?	Will the proposal have any negative impacts on those with a protected characteristics?	Outline how the proposal could maximise any positive impacts or minimise any negative impact. Please indicate any views evidence you have that supports this.
Age (people of all ages)	The new HAMP will result in better maintained roads, making it safer and easier for individuals to travel for work and leisure, and for families to travel and meet together.	No	As detailed within the report the HAMP will ensure for a well-maintained highways infrastructure that is safe for all to use.
Disability (people with disabilities/ long term conditions)	The HAMP will have a positive inpact- on those who have a physical or visual impairment as it ensures that the highway infrustructure, such as footpaths/pavements, are inspected, well maintained and remain clear of any obstructions.	No	The HAMP will be subject to regular review. Each formal review will take into account any negative public responses, lessons learnt, improvement opportunities and any innovative techniques available to strengthen the HAMP.
Gender Reassignment	As above	No	As above
(anybody who's			
gender identity or			
gender expression is			



				County Borough Council
different to the sex				
they were assigned at				
birth)				
Marriage or Civil	As above	As above	As above	
Partnership (people				
who are married or in				
a civil partnership)				
Pregnancy and	As above	As above	As above	
Maternity (women				
who are pregnant				
and/or on maternity				
leave)				
Race (people from	As above	As above	As above	
black, Asian and				
minority ethnic				
communities and				
different racial				
backgrounds)				
Religion or Belief	As above	As above	As above	
(people with different				
religions and beliefs				
including people with				
no beliefs)				
Sex (women and men,	As above	As above	As above	
girls and boys and				
those who self-identify				
their gender)				



Sexual Orientation	As above	As above	As above	
(lesbian, gay, bisexual,				
heterosexual, other)				

NOTE: Section 2 only needs to be completed if proposals are of a strategic nature or when reviewing previous strategic decisions. See page 6 of the Preparing for the Commencement of the Socio-economic Duty Welsh Government Guidance.

Section 2 Socio-economic Duty (Strategic Decisions Only) The Welsh Governments Socio-economic Duty provides a framework in order to ensure tackling inequality is at the forefront of decision making. .Please consider the below vulnerable groups and consider how the proposal could affect them: > Single parents and vulnerable families > People who have experienced the asylum system > Carers People with low literacy/numeracy Armed Forces Community > People of all ages leaving a care setting > People living in the most deprived areas in Wales Pensioners Students > Looked after children > Single adult households (WIMD) > People involved in the criminal justice system > Homeless people > People misusing substances Will the proposal have a positive, Socio Economic disadvantage How could you mitigate the Please highlight any evidence that negative or neutral impacts on the negative impacts outlined? has been considered.

below?

Neutral impact

definitions.

Low Income / Income Poverty

payments such as bills, food, clothing, transport etc.)

(cannot afford to maintain regular



		County Borough Council
Low and/or No Wealth (enough money to meet basic living costs and pay bills but have no savings to deal with any unexpected spends and no provisions for the future)	As above	
Material Deprivation (unable to access basic goods and services i.e. financial products like life insurance, repair/replace broken electrical goods, warm home, hobbies etc.)	As above	
Area Deprivation (where you live (rural areas), where you work (accessibility of public transport) Impact on the environment?	The new HAMP will allow more effective management of the adopted highway network. This will result in safer access to services and improvement of the physical infrastructure to support a growing economy.	
Socio-economic Background (social class i.e. parents education, employment and income)	As above	
Socio-economic Disadvantage (What cumulative impact will the proposal have on people or groups because of their protected characteristic(s) or vulnerability or because they are already disadvantaged	As above	



Section 3-Corporate Plan Please outline any Corporate Plan linkages of the proposal -BG Corporate Plan 22-27				
Priority 1 - Maximise learning and skills for all to create a prosperous, thriving, resilient Blaenau Gwent	A well-maintained highway infrastructure will provide for ease of access to local community facilities such as schools, libraries and colleges.			
Priority 2 - Respond to the nature and climate crisis and enable connected communities	A well-maintained highway infrastructure will reduce the need for unprogrammed and unnecessary road maintenance, allowing for free-flowing traffic, extended life of the asset and reduced cost. Planned rather than reactive response will result in a reduction in travel time and therefore vehicle emissions.			
Priority 3 - An ambitious and innovative council delivering quality services at the right time and in the right place	As above			
Priority 4 - Empowering and supporting communities to be safe, independent and resilient	The new HAMP will allow resources to be deployed in such a way that highway maintenance activities can be programmed, preventing deterioration of maintenance defects into safety defects thus prolonging the life of the road and facilitating safer travel. The purchase of materials can be planned more easily, reducing numbers of deliveries. Community resilience will be improved through the provision of better maintained and safer access			



Section 4-Well-being of Future Generations (Wales) Act 2015 – The Five Ways of Working (ICLIP)

Sustainable development principles. The WBFG Act requires the Council to consider how any proposal improves the economic, social, environmental and cultural well-being of Wales using the five ways of working as a baseline)

ana cultural well-bel	ing of Wales using the five ways of working as a baseline)
Five Ways of Working	How have you used the Sustainable Development Principles in forming the proposal?
Long Tern	Consider the long-term impact of the proposal on the ability of communities to secure their well-being. The collection of pertinent data such as traffic counts and identifying trends in defect types and severity will be carried out. The impact of the HAMP will be monitored, and regular reviews will take place as this data is made available. The HAMP provides a risk-based approach to Highway Safety Inspections and offers an opportunity to optimise resource The purpose of the HAMP is to prevent longer term deterioration of the highway network through targeted inspection and maintenance regimes.
Prevention	Consider how the proposal is preventing problems from ocurring or getting worse The key principle of the HAMP is to implement a risk-based approach to Highway Inspection and Response The methodology behind the HAMP utilises data relating to the risk of damage to persons or property and recommends a way of optimising available resources that allows this to be mitigated effectively. The collection of pertinent data will be ongoing. Regular reporting will be in place to facilitate monitoring of the impact of the new HAMP. All data, reports and stakeholder feedback will be considered as part of regular review and revision.



Integration



Consider how your proposal will impact on other services provided in our communities (these might be Council services or services delivered by other organisations or groups)

By taking a risk-based approach and focussing on preventative maintenance, the HAMP will improve the condition of the adopted highway within Blaenau Gwent and impact positively on its people, economy, environment and culture.

All data, reports and stakeholder feedback will be considered as part of regular review and revision.

Collaboration



Consider how you are working with Council services or services delivered by other organisations or groups in our communities.

Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council will continue to work with other stakeholders including:

- County Surveyors Society Wales (CSSW)
- Insurance Companies
- Other Highway Authorities
- Council Departments
- Town and community Councils
- Local community Groups

to implement the new HAMP successfully.

Consider how you involve people who have an interest in this proposal and ensure that they represent the diversity of our communities.

Involvement



Preparation of the HAMP has involved consultation with and involvement from:

- CSSW
- Insurance Section
- Welsh Highway Authorities
- Cabinet Member for Highways and Environmental Services
- Council Members
- Other affected departments within Blaenau Gwent CBC

It is intended in the future to communicate with local community groups and the general public in relation to the HAMP. Feedback received from stakeholders in response to the HAMP will inform review.



How does your proposal link to the Welsh Governments Priorities for Wales? Please indicate below.

1. **A PROSPEROUS WALES** ... an innovative, productive and low carbon society which recognises the limits of the global environment and therefore uses resources efficiently and proportionately (including acting on climate change); and which develops a skilled and well-educated population in an economy which generates wealth and provides employment opportunities, allowing people to take advantage of the wealth generated through securing decent work.

The HAMP will ensure the efficient use of public resources – both within the County Council and those of other public agencies and organisations.

The HAMP will benefit all road users, local businesses and service providers by improving the condition of the adopted highway within Blaenau Gwent and providing safe and efficient travel.

An improved highways maintenance regime will extend the life span of the assets allowing for free-flowing traffic, thus reducing the carbon footprint.

2. **A RESILIENT WALES ...** a nation which maintains and enhances a biodiverse natural environment with healthy functioning ecosystems that support social, economic and ecological resilience and the capacity to adapt to change (for example climate change). Think about how your activity will have regard to protecting and enhancing biodiversity.

Planned Maintenance and well-maintained highways will be more energy efficient. Efficiencies and targeted response / planning will serve to reduce the impact on the environment and at all times where it is possible protect and enhance that environment.

Work programmes will be planned / programmed in a targeted and efficient manner which will reduce travel time and associated negative impacts such as CO2 emissions.

Better maintained roads will contribute towards ease of travel, reducing traffic congestion and emissions from transport and travel across the County.



3. **A HEALTHIER WALES** ... a society in which people's physical and mental well-being is maximised and in which choices and behaviours that benefit future health are understood.

The HAMP details how to manage risks which will provide a safer environment for highway users.

Highways that are in a good condition will make access to the services of the Council and other organisations that support health and wellbeing safer and easier.

Improved condition of the highway will also encourage active and leisure travel.

The Department of Transport statistics identify the road environment, including poor or defective road surface, as a contributory factor in some reported road accidents, well inspected and maintained roads will help mitigate this.

4. **A MORE EQUAL WALES** ... A society that enables people to fulfil their potential no matter what their background or circumstances (including their socio economic background and circumstances).

The new HAMP will benefit all age groups by improving the condition of carriageways and footways, providing a safer environment for all those who use them.

5. A WALES OF COHESIVE COMMUNITIES ... attractive, viable, safe and well-connected communities.

The HAMP will support the continued economic, social and cultural viability of towns and local communities across the County by allowing the Council's resources to be managed more effeciently, improving maintenance of the highway and thus providing safe access to services and opportunities.

6. **A WALES OF VIBRANT CULTURE AND THRIVING** ... a society that promotes and protects culture, heritage and the Welsh language, and which encourages people to participate in the arts, and sports and recreation.

As above the HAMP will support the continued economic, social and cultural viability of towns and local communities across the County by allowing the Council's resources to be managed more effeciently, improving maintenance of the highway and thus providing safe access to services and opportunities.



7. **A GLOBALLY RESPONSIBLE WALES** ... a nation which, when doing anything to improve the economic, social, environmental and cultural wellbeing of Wales, takes account of whether doing such a thing may make a positive contribution to global well-being.

Work programmes will be planned / programmed in a targeted and efficient manner which will reduce travel time and associated negative impacts such as CO2 emissions.

Better maintained roads will contribute towards ease of travel, reducing traffic congestion and emissions from transport and travel across the whole County.

Section 5-Welsh Language (Wales) Measure 2011 and Welsh Language Standards

(The Welsh Language Measure 2011 and the Welsh Language Standards require the Council to have 'due regard' for the positive or negative impact that any proposal may have on opportunities to use the Welsh language. Welsh Language Standards



Requirement	Does the proposal have any positive, negative or neutral impacts in regards to the below?	What can be done to mitigate any	Please demonstrate any evidence used to form this opinion.
Compliance with the Welsh Language Standards. Specifically Standards 88 - 93	All road signage is produced bilingual.		
What opportunities are there to promote the Welsh Language? e.g. status, use of Welsh language services, use of Welsh in everyday life in work / community	In compliance with the Standards all signage, media, communications of events and campaigns will be bilingual		
What opportunities are there for a person or person to use the Welsh	No		



Language? e.g. staff, residents and		
visitors		
Has the Welsh Language been		
considered in order to treat the Welsh		
language no less favourably than the	No	
English language?		

Section 6 - Children's Rights Approach - The Right Way

The Children's Rights Approach – The Right Way is a framework for working with children, grounded in the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child (UNCRC). It places the UNCRC at the core of planning and service delivery and integrates children's rights into every aspect of decision-making, policy and practice. The Right Way focuses on three main them Participation, Provision and Protection.

Protected characteristics	Will the proposal have any positive impacts on the Children's Rights Approach?	Will the proposal have any negative impacts on the Children's Rights Approach?	Outline how the proposal could maximise any positive impacts or minimise any negative impact. Please indicate any views evidence you have that supports this.
Participation (child or young person as someone who actively contributes to society as a citizen)	None	No	



Provision	None	No	
(the basic rights of children			
and young people to			
survive and develop)			
Protection	None	No	
(children and young			
people are protected			
against exploitation, abuse			
or discrimination			

Section 7– Community Safety

Duty to Consider Crime and Disorder Implications

Section 17 of the Crime and Disorder Act 1998 places a duty on the local authority to exercise its various functions with due regard to the likely effect of the exercise of those functions on, and the need to do all that it reasonably can to prevent, crime and disorder, anti-social and other behaviour adversely affecting the local environment, the misuse of drugs, alcohol and other substances, re-offending and serious violence.

Impacts	Will the proposal have any positive impacts on crime and disorder?	Will the proposal have any negative impacts on crime and disorder?	Outline how the proposal could maximise any positive impacts or minimise any negative impact. Please indicate any views evidence you have that supports this.
Crime	A well maintained	No	
	environment will have a		
	positive impact on crime.		



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(consider impact on each: victims, offenders and neighbourhoods)			
Anti-Social Behaviour and behaviour adversely affecting the local environment (consider impact on each: victims, offenders, neighbourhoods and green spaces)	As above	No	
Misuse of drugs, alcohol and other substances (Think vulnerable children, adults, families and communities)	As above	No	
Re-offending (Think young people and adults, victims, families, communities)	As above	No	
Serious Violence (Think vulnerable young people, vulnerable adults, victims, families, communities)	As above	No	



Counter Terrorism	No	No	
(People and places that			
are vulnerable to terrorism			
or violent extremism)			
Community Cohesion	No	No	
(Asylum seekers, Migrants,			
Victims or Hate Crime,			
Community tensions)			

Impacts	Will the proposal have any positive impacts on the armed forces community?	Will the proposal have any negative impacts on the armed forces community?	Outline how the proposal could maximise any positive impacts or minimise any negative impact. Please indicate any views evidence you have that supports this.
 Health Provision of services Planning and funding Co-operation between bodies and professionals 	The proposal will have a positive impact and suport and comply with the Armed Forces Covenant to give 'Due Regard' in respect of the Armed Forces	No	



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These healthcare functions	Community and the		
are within scope of the	challenges they face.		
Duty in the following			
settings:			
NHS Primary Care			
services, including general			
practice, community			
pharmacies, NHS dental,			
NHS optometry services			
and public health screening			
services.			
NHS Secondary Care			
services, including urgent			
and emergency care,			
hospital and community			
services, specialist care,			
mental health services, and			
additional needs services			
(as applicable).			
 Local authority-delivered 			
healthcare services,			
including sexual health			
services and drug and			
alcohol misuse services			
Education			
• Admissions			
Educational attainment			
and curriculum			
Child wellbeing			



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Transport		
Attendance		
Additional needs support		
Use of Service Pupil		
Premium funding (England		
only)		
These education functions		
are within scope of the		
Duty in compulsory		
education settings, that is,		
primary, secondary, and,		
for England only,		
compulsory further		
education. The Duty does		
not cover nursery (early		
years education), higher		
education, or other		
voluntary adult education		
settings		
Housing		
Allocations policy for		
social housing		
Tenancy strategies		
(England only)		
Homelessness		
Disabled Facilities Grants		



Data/evidence –What data/evidence was used? - provide any links.	What were the key findings?	How has the data/evidence informed this proposal?
The HAMP will assist Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council in meeting its legal duties and to support this the following National Guidance has been used. The methods adopted in the HAMP are based upon the contents of the following: - "Well-Managed Highway Infrastructure: A Code of Practice, UK Roads Liaison Group, 2016" - "Risk Based Approach: Method", 2018, County Surveyor Society (WALES) CSSW, 2018 - "Highway Inspection Defect Recording Manual", CSSW, 2018 - Works orders and highway repair work backlog figures (potholes/patching/structures). - Inspection reports. - Customer complaints.	The HAMP will guide Blaenau Gwent County Borough Council acting as the Highway Authority, in the management of the adopted highway network to ensure that: - All assets continue to deliver a service to the community and highway users. - There is clear direction for Elected Members and Council staff to make informed decisions regarding the adopted highway network. - Legislative requirements are satisfied. - Exposure to safety risk is mitigated to agreed and acceptable levels. - Asset purchases, increases or construction are only approved after whole life costs and benefits are assessed and agreed. - Clear and transparent allocation of responsibilities for the management of individual assets is recorded.	The evidence and data have identified the need to introduce additional financial resources to enable the related strategies to be delivered successfully.



Are there any data or information gaps and if so what are they and how do you intend to address them?

Yes, there are data gaps that need to be addressed going forward, these include;

- Accurate vehicle movement figures on the highway network.
- Pedestrian footfall on pavements, walkways and within town centres.
- Highway detailed condition survey

It is the intention to look to introducing monitoring counters at locations to assess pedestrian and vehicle volumes. There are now opportunities to explore digital highway surveys from moving vehicles.

Section 10-Consultation. Please provide details of consultation undertaken to support the proposal. Please consider the Gunning Principles: -

<u>Principle 1</u>: Consultation must take place when the proposals are still at a formative stage. You must not have already made up your mind.

<u>Principle 2</u>: Sufficient reasons must be put forward to allow for intelligent consideration and response. Have people been given the information and opportunity to influence?

<u>Principle 3</u>: Adequate time must be given for consideration and response. Is the consultation long enough bearing in mind the circumstances?

<u>Principle 4</u>: The product of consultation must be conscientiously taken into account when finalising the decision

Briefly describe any planned consultations or consultations that have been carried out to date. Please consider the above principles.



Please consider the following questions; -

1. Who did you consult?

- CSSW Codes
- Insurance Section
- Welsh Highway Authorities through CSSW
- Cabinet Member for Highways and Environmental Services
- Council Members through members briefing 18th April 2023
- Other affected departments within Blaenau Gwent CBC

2. When did the consultation take place and was adequate time given for a response?

During 2022/23 through meetings and member briefing

3. Was there enough information provided to response effectively?

Yes

4. What were the findings?

To identify the necessary information to create a Highways Asset Maintenance Plan for adoption by Blaenau Gwent CBC.

5. Have the findings been considered in regard to the decision?

Yes



	County Borough Council
Section 11-Monitoring and Review	
How will the implementation of the proposal be monitored, including the impacts or changes made?	The HAMP will be monitored through the following methods: Service inspections/Team briefings Customer complaints Annual committee performance reports/including Pl's Service reviews (every 2 years) Commencing 2025.
What monitoring tools will be used?	Electronic - Mayrise system, AXA system, My Council Services Other tools available are: Gazetteer Asset Inventory Highways conditions surveys (Scanner & SCRIM annual reports). Inspection reports Highways user figures (to be developed) Safety/Accident records Financial resources
How will the results be used for future development?	 Identify necessary financial resources required Identify highway assets to be updated/replaced Establish an improved planned maintenance regime To prioritise resources for immediate and future highways maintenance
How and when will it be reviewed?	The HAMP will be reviewed every 2 years and reported through the Council's committee/democratic process
Who is responsible for ensuring this happens?	Head of Service



Section 12 - Decision			
Using the information you have gathered from sections 1-9 please state in the table below whether you are able to prod	ceed with the pr	oposal.	
Continue with the proposal in its current form	Yes √	No □	
Continue with proposal but take into account reasonable steps to mitigate any negative impacts of the proposal	Yes		No □

Name of person completing the IIA		
Name:	David Watkins	
Job Title:	Team Manager – Street Scene	
Date:	01/06/23	

Head of Service Approval			
Name:	Clive Rogers		
Job Title:	Head of Community services		
Signature:		Date:	

Please contact Policy & Partnerships should you require any further advice or guidance on completing your assessment via <u>lissa.friel@blaenaugwent.gov.uk</u> or <u>emma.scherptong@blaenaugwent.gov.uk</u>.